Literature Essay Four

Works, Themes, and Thesis

You will write an interpretive essay, that is, an essay that attempts to *persuade your reader of your interpretation* of one or more literary works. Your interpretation is your assessment of the significance or meaning (*theme and message*) of the literary work(s), although your focus can be (and often will be) on only part of a work's meaning—one of the points it is making, not necessarily the main point it is making.

Pick *two literary works* we have read in the course so far that *disagree* about something. At least one of the works must be *one we have read since the last literature essay*, that is, between *Alice in Wonderland* and *The Man Who Was Thursday*. Articulate the *point each work is making* about this subject (in such a way that the points clearly are opposed to one another) and make an *argument* with *evidence from the works* that each work is making the point you say it is making.

Here are some examples of themes that you could write about:

- · The impact of literature / words
- · How to be happy / what makes us unhappy
- · Class
- · Knowledge / education
- · Money
- · Morality / right and wrong
- · Death
- · Heaven
- · Leadership
- Friendship
- · Romantic love
- · Love for God

But remember, it's not enough to discuss the theme in general; you want *two contradictory statements* (the point one work is making about the theme, and the opposite point the other work is making about the theme).

For example, your *thesis* could be something like these (which use fake authors and literary works):

· John Doe's "Elegy" depicts romantic love as physical attraction, but John Swan's "Epithalamion" describes romantic love as mutual mental understanding.

or:

· John Doe's "Diadem" portrays the reigning monarch as an admirable imitator of the qualities of Christ the king, whereas John Swan's "Tyranny" declares that any unelected earthly leader is usurping a role that belongs exclusively to God.

Structure

Please use the structure of a five-paragraph essay:

- · One *introductory paragraph* that gives your *thesis*, with any background that is necessary to explain it.
- Three *body paragraphs*, each of which provides an argument supporting your thesis. Each paragraph should have a *topic sentence* (a kind of mini-thesis for the paragraph, which states the supporting argument of the paragraph), and *textual evidence* from the literary work—specific examples (details and quotations, with citations giving author/title and page/line numbers) that support the argument stated in the topic sentence.
- · One *concluding paragraph* which transitions from a brief restatement of the thesis to a comment on the significance of your thesis—which, in a literature essay, means how it helps us better understand or interpret the literary work(s).